

# Cobras AP

## ANTI-HARASSMENT AND BULLYING POLICY

# **Statement and Purpose of Policy**

- 1. Cobras AP (the Employer, we or us) is committed to providing a work environment free from harassment and bullying and ensuring that all staff are treated, and treat others, with dignity and respect.
- 2. This Policy does not form part of any employment contract and the Employer retains the right to amend it at any time, in its absolute discretion.

### What Does This Policy Cover?

- 1. This Policy covers harassment, victimisation and bullying which takes place within and outside of the workplace, including on business trips, work-related social functions or events.
- 2. This Policy applies to all staff, irrespective of seniority, tenure and working hours, including all directors and officers, casual or agency staff, trainees, interns, fixed-term staff, volunteers, consultants and contractors. It also covers harassment and bullying by third parties, such as customers, suppliers or visitors to the business premises.

#### What is Harassment?

- 1. Harassment is defined as unwanted conduct related to a relevant protected characteristic (within the Equality Act 2010) which has the effect of violating an individual's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for that individual.
- 2. Unlawful harassment may involve conduct of a sexual nature or it may be related to age, race, colour or nationality, ethnic or national origins, sex, gender reassignment, sexual orientation, disability, religion or belief, pregnancy or maternity.
- 3. Harassment can arise in some cases even though the person complaining does not actually possess a protected characteristic but is perceived to have it or associates with someone who does.
- 4. A person may also be subject to harassment even if they were not the intended target.
- 5. Examples of harassment include, but are not limited to:
- Use of insults or slurs based on a protected characteristic or of a sexual nature
- Physical or verbal abuse, threatening or intimidating behaviour
- Unwelcome physical contact such as touching, hugging, brushing past
- Mocking or belittling someone's disability, appearance, accent
- Offensive or intimidating comments made verbally, by email or online
- Requests for sexual acts, suggestive behaviour, vulgar comments
- Repeated or unwelcome requests for dates or social contact
- Comments about body parts or sexual preference

- Displaying or distributing offensive material (printed or digital)
- Deliberate exclusion from conversations or activities
- Threats to 'out' someone's sexual orientation
- Implied or explicit suggestions linking employment progression to sexual compliance
- Racist, sexist, homophobic or ageist remarks or jokes
- Obscene gestures, posters, flags or graffiti
- Isolation from shared spaces, meetings or events

### 10. Important points to note:

- A single incident can constitute harassment
- Long-standing, unchallenged behaviour can also count
- Intention is not required only the effect
- You don't have to say the behaviour is unwelcome for it to be harassment
- Everyone must take responsibility for ensuring their conduct is appropriate

#### What is Victimisation?

- 1. Victimisation occurs where a member of staff suffers detrimental treatment for making or supporting a complaint of harassment or bullying in good faith.
- 2. Cobras AP will not tolerate victimisation and may treat it as a disciplinary matter.

### What is Bullying?

1. Bullying is behaviour (physical, verbal or non-verbal) that is offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting, involving a misuse of power and leaving the target feeling vulnerable, upset or humiliated.

## 14. Examples of bullying include, but are not limited to:

- Unfair treatment
- Inappropriate or belittling comments about performance
- Physical or psychological threats
- Excessive or oppressive supervision
- Abuse of authority
- Constantly shifting goals to ensure failure
- False accusations
- Deliberate exclusion from communication or meetings
- 1. Reasonable performance-related feedback or management instructions will not be considered bullying.

### What If You Are Being Bullied or Harassed?

- 1. If possible, raise the issue informally with the person concerned.
- 2. If not, speak to your line manager or HR for confidential support.
- 3. If the behaviour continues or informal resolution isn't appropriate, you may make a formal complaint.

#### 19. A formal written complaint should include:

- Who is responsible
- Nature of the behaviour
- Specific examples with dates/times
- Names of any witnesses
- Any actions you've already taken
- 1. You will be invited to a meeting with HR to discuss the matter.
- 2. You may be accompanied by a colleague or trade union representative.
- 3. Your complaint will be investigated confidentially by someone uninvolved.
- 4. If the complaint is upheld, appropriate action will be taken under the Disciplinary Policy. If not, steps will still be considered to manage working relationships.
- 5. You will be informed of the outcome.

# **Appeal**

- 1. If you are dissatisfied with the decision, you may appeal in writing within 10 working days.
- 2. You'll be invited to a hearing within five working days.
- 3. Your appeal will be heard by an impartial person not previously involved.
- 4. The outcome will be communicated within 24 hours and will be final.

# **Supporting and Protecting Those Involved**

- 1. Anyone making or supporting a complaint in good faith will not suffer any form of victimisation or retaliation.
- 2. Retaliation will be treated as misconduct.
- 3. If a complaint is found to be deliberately false or malicious, disciplinary action may be taken.

## **Keeping Records**

1. Complaints and outcomes may be recorded in personnel files, with documents retained in accordance with Cobras AP's Data Protection and Data Security Policy.

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